

SOLDIERS FIRED ON BY INSURGENTS

Shot at Them From Roofs and Windows as They March Through Streets.

QUITE A NUMBER KILLED

Insurrectos Lost Twenty-seven—Revolutionists Said to Be Organizing in Sonora.

Paso, Tex., Dec. 1.—The following dispatch, dated yesterday, was received this morning from the Associated Press staff correspondent at Chihuahua City: "A serious clash at Chihuahua, 50 miles west of here, took place yesterday between 150 government troops and a somewhat larger body of insurgents. The soldiers are said to have been fired upon from roofs and windows while marching through the streets of the town. "Passengers arriving by train to-night declare that those of the government force who were not killed or wounded were taken prisoners. These rumors are also current among the soldiers at the barracks. But Gen. Plata in command of the military zone stated that his report showed nine government soldiers killed and that 27 insurgents were slain."

ORGANIZING IN SONORA.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 1.—Sonora, hitherto quiet, is reported to be the rendezvous of a number of bands of revolutionists who are organizing in the mountains. No move has yet been made by the insurgents. "Thomas Miller, an El Paso mining man, writes from Sonora, that armed bands of men have been seen in the hills of that state and it is thought that there is an organized movement among the revolutionists. Americans are bringing their families out."

Passengers arriving here this morning direct from Matamoros, Texas, on the El Paso train, declare that every town along the line of the Chihuahua & Pacific railroad between Chihuahua and Matamoros, and that there has been considerable fighting in the mountains and many wounded federal troops have been brought into the city. The revolutionists are reported to have taken Guerrero, Chihuahua, but that another band of insurrectos is marching against the town.

NO INSURGENTS FOUND.

El Paso, Dec. 1.—Sheriff J. W. Walton, of Brewster county, who has been searching the "Big Bend" country with a posse on reports from the Chisos mountains that a band of Mexican insurgents had crossed into Texas and were threatening the mines, reported that no insurgents had been found.

THOUSANDS OF BEDS FOR TUBERCULOSIS PATIENTS

Boston, Dec. 1.—The provision of from 5,000 to 6,000 additional beds for the use of tuberculosis patients; the payment by the state of a subsidy of \$5 per week for each non-paying tubercular patient in local hospitals; and the establishment of a system by means of which tubercular patients may be supplied with food in their homes are features of the report of the special commission created by the last legislature to investigate and report upon the problem of curing tuberculosis.

The commission finds that there are approximately 2,000 cases of tuberculosis in all forms in the state. For the accommodation of these cases, there are now 273 beds in hospitals and in sanitariums.

PLAN TO FLEECE HOTELS THROUGH C. O. D. PACKAGES

Kansas City, Dec. 1.—A plan to fleece hotels through the medium of C. O. D. packages has been reported by the federal authorities here. Two Kansas City hotels and one at Topeka received letters from a supposed traveling man giving orders to furnish food and room reservations and cautioning them to take care to deliver to the man at the hotel.

The packages were later delivered to each of the hotels by the express companies with \$100.00 cash. Investigation showed the mail accumulating for the supposed traveling man at room reservations and cautioning them to take care to deliver to the man at the hotel.

COOK'S FEELING TOWARD PEARY IS ONE OF PITY

Bellingham, Wash., Dec. 1.—Dr. William H. Axtell of Bellingham, an intimate friend of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, who has been in frequent communication with him since his disappearance from the Brooklyn explorer yesterday, Dr. Axtell declined to divulge the whereabouts of Dr. Cook but made public several extracts from the letter as follows: "My case will eventually rest on its own merits without reference to rival interests. "I prefer to believe that the campaign of infamy which has been waged against me, that the mud throwing, bribery and conspiracy has come from the misguided and deluded. "As to Mr. Peary, my feeling is of pity rather than revenge. He has striven against awful odds and the man who can succeed under such a handicap deserves all the glory that comes his way."

PRESIDENT TAFT REVISITING HIS MESSAGE

Washington, Dec. 1.—After having been revised three times, President Taft's message to Congress was submitted to a special conference today. The conference, the document occupied two hours and it is said that several slight changes were made. According to the latest report the letter will be ready for distribution Friday night or early Saturday. Following his regular message, President Taft will send a special message to Congress embodying the report of the board of censors appointed to consider reclamation projects in the west under the \$20,000,000 appropriation made at the last session of Congress.

The engineers have reported on a number of projects and it is said that they have recommended some for completion and the abandonment of others.

THE COLLEGE WOMAN HAS NOT MADE GOOD

So Says Prof. Leslie J. Tompkins of New York University and President of College Graduates' Association.

New York, Dec. 1.—Prof. Leslie J. Tompkins of New York university, president of the National Association of College Graduates, is authority for the statement that the college woman has "not made good."

He had the courage, too, to make the statement in a lecture before the National League for the Civic Education of Women. He said: "The college woman has not made good. There are, I think, about 12,000 or 15,000 college women in the United States. Three-fourths of these are so nice that they are married already and the remainder are freaks. The married women don't take so much interest in outside affairs and freaks can't accomplish anything, anyway."

Discussing the question of woman suffrage, he said: "Some women do not realize how very powerful is their influence without the ballot. I don't think the influence of the woman more to you women than the very uncertain power that would come with the ballot that you are ill-prepared for. I mean ill-prepared in the sense that the vast majority of women have small comprehension of the functions of government. I'll admit that about 40 per cent of the men who vote are not fit to be franchisees. I'll admit also that I will have no special objection to the votes of women when women as a body are as well qualified to vote as are 60 per cent of the men. But that time has not yet come."

GOVERNMENT HAS IRRIGATED FARMS FOR SALE

Washington, Dec. 1.—United States citizens desirous of engaging in farming may obtain an irrigated farm ranging in size from 20 to 40 acres free from Uncle Sam. About 400 farms are now open to entry along the several irrigation projects controlled by the government, the chief expense incurred in obtaining one of these tracts being the payment of the cost of water rights, which amount to from \$30 to \$60 an acre of irrigable land.

The crop season of 1910 in the west emphasized the value of irrigation as a sure crop producing agency. A bulletin issued by the reclamation service, "It was the best year the farmers have known on the big projects of the government. The many phenomenal crop yields are reported."

JAMES CLEPHANE DEAD.

Did Much to Perfect Typewriter and the Linotype.

Englewood, N. J., Dec. 1.—James Ogilvie Clephane, widely known because of his pioneer typewriter and linotype industries is dead in his home here following a stroke of apoplexy which attacked him a week ago. He was 68 years old.

Although a lawyer, Mr. Clephane devoted most of his energies to developing the typewriter and type-setting machines, and he was known as the "father of the linotype." It was his encouragement and financial support that enabled Ottmar Mergenthaler to perfect the machine that bears the latter's name. The idea for the machine was furnished by Mr. Clephane.

Mr. Clephane was born in Washington. He became interested in the development of the typewriter while secretary of the American Linotype Co. He had exceptional ability brought him early in close contact with President Buchanan, President Lincoln and other noted men who became his personal friends. He was associated through the years with many of the most stirring events of the Civil war period.

One of the earliest successful typewriters was built under his direction for the use of the United States army. He suggested to him the possibility of a type-setting machine. The development of such a machine was accomplished only after a terrific struggle, the burden of which was borne by Mr. Clephane's shoulders. He never lost his confidence in the value of the device and it was largely due to his courage and patience in overcoming skepticism and financial embarrassment that success finally came.

FIGHTING INTemperance AT SKIBO CASTLE

New York, Dec. 1.—Here is Andrew Carnegie's method of fighting intemperance on his estates in Scotland.

"The rule in Skibo," he told the diners at the banquet of the St. Andrews society last night, "is that any man who goes to the Skibo hotel shall have a bonus of 10 per cent of his wages if he has not tasted liquor during the year except on the advice of a physician. That I have found the most powerful and permanent of all nature ever delivered in Scotland."

GEO. WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Rear Admiral Charles H. Stockton Elected President.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Rear Admiral Charles H. Stockton, who since May has been the acting president of George Washington university, yesterday was elected to the position of president.

DYING OF RAT BITES

New York, Dec. 1.—With 14 rat bites on his body, Lorraine Lewis, the 2-year-old daughter of M. Lewis of this city, is dying of blood poisoning. A short time since Mrs. Lewis was awakened by the child's cries, lighting the gas, the mother saw a big rat disappear. A physician was summoned and the wounds were cauterized, but the child did not escape infection.

POPULATION STATISTICS.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The population of the state of Pennsylvania is 7,655,111, according to the statistics of the thirteenth census made public today. This is an increase of 1,382,998 or 21.6 per cent over 1,202,115 in 1900. The increase from 1880 to 1900 was 1,044,101 or 19.8 per cent.

The population of the state of West Virginia is 1,221,119, according to statistics of this length census made public today. This is an increase of 262,139 or 27.4 per cent over 958,980 in 1900. The increase from 1890 to 1900 was 196,004 or 25.7 per cent.

FIFTEEN HORSES BURNED.

Grand Junction, Colo., Dec. 1.—Fifteen horses were burned to death in a fire which destroyed a livery stable here early this morning. The loss is placed at \$20,000. The origin of the fire has not been determined.

PULLMAN RATES WILL BE REDUCED

G. S. Fernald of the Company So Informs Interstate Commerce Commission.

FOR UPPERS 20 PER CENT OFF

Various Reductions to be Made for Lower Berths in Specific Instances.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—General reductions for the rates of upper Pullman berths in certain instances for lower berths was announced today before Commissioners Franklin K. Lane and E. E. Clark of the interstate commerce commission, by G. S. Fernald, of the Pullman company. No testimony in the cases before the commission was taken. The reduction in upper berth rates offered is 20 per cent where the lower berth rate exceeds \$1.50. Various reductions are announced for the rates on lower berths in specific instances. Today's hearing at which the promise of reduction was made, was a re-hearing of the petition of George S. Lofts against the Pullman company, the point at issue being the upper berth rates between Chicago and the Pacific coast.

Last March the interstate commerce commission ordered a reduction for both upper and lower berths on the United States circuit. The enforcement of this order. Instead it directed a re-hearing be held. The offer of the Pullman company, providing satisfactory testimony before the commission no witnesses were heard.

Hereafter the minimum rate for upper berths will be \$1.25 instead of \$1.50, said Mr. Fernald, who is assistant general solicitor of the Pullman company.

"We have not prepared all our tables establishing the new rates," explained Mr. Fernald, "but we are working on them. We decided that although the upper berth cost more to build, furnish and operate than the lower, public discrimination against the uppers required a reduction in their price. Where the lower berth is rated at \$1.50, the upper could be \$1.25 and in all instances other than this the upper will cost 80 per cent of the lower."

"Not a rate has been raised by this new schedule, but we are endeavoring to adjust all charges to correspond with the eastern standard of six mills a mile. This brings about a number of reductions in lower berths as well as the correspondingly greater reductions in uppers. However, the lower berth rate from Chicago to New York is unchanged."

Lower berth rates from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Seattle and intermediate Pacific coast points are reduced from \$12 to \$11. Likewise, the rate for upper was made \$8.80. Chicago to San Francisco lower berth rates of \$14 are reduced to \$13, but there is no reduction from Chicago to Denver.

EXPRESS DRIVERS' STRIKE FINALLY SETTLED

New York, Dec. 1.—Final settlement of the strike among express company employees which tied up the express business of the big transcontinental companies, and which threatened several weeks recently was effected early today when a meeting of the drivers and helpers voted to accept the terms offered by their employers. The agreement goes into effect today.

An advance of from 5 to 8 per cent in wages was agreed to by the majority of the companies. It was understood that there will be further negotiations with the Adams Express company officials, the men of that company not being entirely satisfied with the terms offered but accepting the new schedule tentatively. The 11-hour day will run for all men and work on Sundays and holidays will not be required. The new agreement establishes the open shop.

DR. COOK HAS HARD WORK TO SELL HIS HISTORY

New York, Dec. 1.—Dr. Fred A. Cook, who now confesses that he does not know whether he reached the north pole or not, had no easy task in disposing of what he describes as "the story of Cook's trip to the north pole," according to reports reaching New York from London. The Brooklyn explorer, it is stated, is living in seclusion in an obscure boarding house in Bloomsbury, a London suburb and there wrote the story which he hopes will restore him to a degree of favor in this country.

It appears that Dr. Cook, eager to return to his home in Brooklyn, sought through a literary bureau to sell his latest story to London magazine publishers. One thousand dollars it was said, was asked for the story which the London editors declined to accept.

It was learned today that Dr. Cook was in the United States in November and came here to conclude the arrangements with a magazine for the publication of his story. He came by way of Canada and met the publishers at Troy, N. Y. After concluding the arrangements for the publishing of his confession, Dr. Cook returned to Europe.

COMPLETE ORDER IS RESTORED IN MACAO

London, Dec. 1.—Official advisers received today from Macao, the Portuguese dependency in China, state that complete order was restored following the granting of the demands of the rebellious soldiers and sailors.

The governor of Macao, who was suspected of protecting the religious orders, has been replaced by Judge Marques de Almeida. The population acclaimed the change of administration.

CABBAGE CROP SHORT.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—The price of sauerkraut will be higher in 1911 because of a shortage in the cabbage crop.

More than 30,000 30-pound casks of sauerkraut were eaten in the United States last year. This country is the largest consumer of sauerkraut in the world and the rate of consumption is increasing at the rate of 25 per cent annually. Further, this country exports sauerkraut to Germany and German manufacturers are copying the American product, acknowledging it as the best.

The facts were given by W. W. Wilder, secretary of the National Kraut Packers association, in a session here.

TARIFF REFORM ISSUE BOTHERSOME

English Conservatives Trying to Unload It, With What Effect Will be Uncertain.

BALFOUR MAKES BOLD STROKE

Liberals Not Discouraged by His Proposition to Submit Question To Referendum.

London, Dec. 1.—The ultimate effect of the opposition's attempt to unload the tariff reform issue for the purpose of the present campaign is still in doubt. While the Unionists were greatly encouraged by Mr. Balfour's sudden and surprising announcement that he would not object to the submission of the question to a referendum, the leader's bold stroke has far from disheartened the Liberals, who find therein good ammunition and are accusing their opponents of changing their policy daily in a desperate effort to catch votes and so secure power at any cost.

Moreover, the more ardent tariff reformers who yesterday congratulated Mr. Balfour on his skillful maneuvering were not so ready today to endorse his pledge.

Speaking at Manchester, Andrew Bonarlaw, Unionist member for Dulwich division of Camberwell, refused "to eat my words," adding that if the Unionists obtained an adequate majority at the polls they would be free to enact a tariff reform measure. The first members returned to the new parliament will be Unionists.

In many constituencies nominations will be made tomorrow and in at least nine instances there will be no contests. These include the city of London seats and those held by Joseph Chamberlain and Jesse Collings of Birmingham and George Wyndham of Dover.

The weather for the campaign scarcely could be worse. Outdoor meetings planned at many places have been abandoned. The house to house canvassing, however, continues and there is no let up in the usual indoor demonstrations.

The leaders are keeping hard at it. Home Secy. Churchill is leading the government forces in lower houses.

Frederick E. Smith, Unionist member for the Walton division of Liverpool, is running a good second to the secretary, while Chancellor Lloyd George, John Burns and other effective speakers from both sides are keeping busy.

Lord Lansdowne is showing great energy in support of his proposals for the reform of the house of Lords. Today he addressed a big meeting at Portsmouth in the interests of Lord Bessford, who has been sent for Portsmouth is seriously threatened by the Liberals.

Sir Edward Gray has arranged to reply to Lord Lansdowne. The weather has incalculated many candidates and speakers, among them being Louis Harcourt, secretary for the colonies, and Reginald McKenna, first lord of the admiralty.

The women as usual in England are taking a prominent part in the campaign.

WEATHER REPORT.

Generally Fair Tonight and Friday.

TODAY'S TEMPERATURES.

6 a.m. 35°
8 a.m. 37°
9 a.m. 38°
10 a.m. 39°
11 a.m. 40°
12 noon 41°
1 p.m. 42°
2 p.m. 43°

YESTERDAY'S RECORD.

Highest 44°
Lowest 28°

PRIZES FOR THE Christmas News

The Deseret News offers a cash prize of \$50.00 for the best story submitted for the Christmas issue, to be printed Saturday, December 17, 1910.

The story must not contain more than 8,000 words, or about seven columns, one page, of the Deseret News type.

A prize of \$25.00 cash, is also offered for the best Christmas poem submitted, to consist of not more than 1,200 words.

All manuscripts must be delivered to the News office, not later than Saturday, December 3, 1910.

Stories and poems should be signed with an initial or nom de plume, and accompanied by a sealed envelope containing the real name and address of the author. Those desiring manuscripts returned should enclose the necessary postage.

Any persons who have won three or more prizes in previous Christmas competitions, are barred from the present contest.

Address all contributions to The Deseret News

Salt Lake City, Utah.

Christmas Contest Department.

C. V. ANDERSON FOUND IN CANADA

Former Head of County Infirmary Arrested This Morning at Raymond, Alberta.

TAKEN BY MARSHAL RODEBACH

Arrest Follows Receipt of Information From Sheriff Sharp That Anderson Had Gone to Canada.

C. V. Anderson, with J. R. Clinton a victim of a recent investigation by the county commissioners into alleged grafting methods employed in connection with the setting up of voting machines, was arrested this morning in Raymond, Alberta, Canada. Marshal James Rodebach, of Raymond, made the arrest and wired Sheriff Joe Sharp that the supposed superintendent of the Salt Lake county infirmary is in custody and will be delivered to Salt Lake county officials at Sweet Grass, Mont.

Anderson left Salt Lake on Sunday last and was last seen in Ogden, boarding Oregon Short Line train No. 3 for Portland. No trace was found of him until after he had crossed the Canadian border, Sheriff Sharp receiving word yesterday that he was in Raymond. The sheriff wired immediately and the Raymond authorities information for the arrest, which followed this morning.

According to the message received by Sheriff Sharp, Anderson has agreed to return to Sweet Grass, Mont. without extradition. Requisition papers may be necessary, however, to bring him from Montana, and these will be sent by mail to Sweet Grass tonight.

Sheriff Sharp left this afternoon at 2:40 for Montana to return Anderson to Utah.

NO TRACE FOUND OF ETHEL CLARE LENEVE

New York, Dec. 1.—Though the officers of the steamship Majestic declared on her arrival in quarantine last night that Miss Ethel Leneve was not on board, immigration officials and others made a careful search of the vessel today when she docked to see if the woman, who was sent for Portsmouth by the ship, was hanged for killing his wife, Belle Elmore, was a passenger.

Not a trace of Miss Leneve could be found.

BANK OF ENGLAND REDUCES DISCOUNT RATE

London, Dec. 1.—The rate of discount of the Bank of England was reduced today from 5 to 4 1/2 per cent.

The lower rate, which the market hardly expected this week was only decided upon after a prolonged discussion by the directors. The last fortnight, however, witnessed a marked change in the monetary situation, and a steady rise in the bank's reserve.

Exchange on Argentina and India, from which the danger of gold withdrawals was mostly threatened, is now decidedly more favorable to London. The discount rates in continental centers are lower.

Egypt, it is expected, will furnish the bulk of the Indian gold requirements.

GOVERNOR-ELECT DIX RESIGNS AS DIRECTOR

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 1.—Carrying out his determination to sever all private business relations before Jan. 1, in order to give his whole time to the duties of the office, Gov.-elect Dix has resigned as officer and director of two local banks in which he has large interests.

GETS CHANGE OF VENUE.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—Atty. Charles Erbein was granted a change of venue today by Judge Scanlon in his trial on charges of bribing a juror in the second trial of Leo O'Neill Brown who was accused of buying votes for Senator William Latham. The case is set before Judge Brentano tomorrow.

MRS. JULIA WYATT DEAD.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 1.—Mrs. Julia Wyatt, famous in her day as an actress and particularly in the part of "Topsy" in "Uncle Tom's Cabin," is dead at her home here at the age of 82 years.

BANK ROBBERY FRUSTRATED.

Richmond, Mo., Dec. 1.—A second attempt within a week to rob the First National bank was frustrated early this morning by the watchmen, who fired upon two men when he discovered fitting keys to the inner door of the building. The men escaped.

Last Saturday morning the bank vault was blown open, but the burglars failed to secure any booty.

SCHOOL ART EXHIBIT.

Supervisor Fairbanks and Teachers Working on Plans.

Principals of the city schools are working in conjunction with Art Supervisor J. Leo Fairbanks in arranging an art exhibit from the classes in the city schools to be shown at the annual meeting of the Utah State Teachers' association, during the last week in this month.

Requests have come from over the state for such an exhibit, the teachers desiring to note the progress which has been made in the Salt Lake schools.

Compliance with this request, an exhibit of more than usual interest will be prepared. Initial steps along this line were taken at the weekly meeting of the Salt Lake principals, held in the office of Supt. Christensen last evening.

RELEASED FROM HOSPITAL.

H. Clements, who was assaulted by thugs and had the bones in his nose broken, was released from the Holy Cross hospital Wednesday afternoon. Clements was assaulted as he was returning to his store at Lynn Junction, from his boarding house about two weeks ago. The instrument used by the would-be robbers was an iron rod an inch in diameter and 14 inches long. The attempted robbery was witnessed by a brakeman and conductor on the San Pedro line who came to his rescue.

MUCH INTEREST SHOWN IN THE LE BLANC TRIAL

Courtroom Crowded—Mrs. Glover Admitted She Had Received Letters Under an Assumed Name.

COURTROOM CROWDED—MRS. GLOVER ADMITTED SHE HAD RECEIVED LETTERS UNDER AN ASSUMED NAME.

Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 1.—Interest in the trial of Hattie Le Blanc, the 17-year-old Cape Breton girl for the murder of Clarence E. Glover, a Waltham laundryman, drew to the Middlesex county courthouse today a greater crowd than at any previous time during the trial.

Before Mrs. Glover was cross-examined, Asst. Dist. Atty. Weir asked her a few more direct questions. She admitted she was familiar with firearms and that Hattie Le Blanc was with her husband and herself in an automobile at the fatal fatal game on the afternoon before the shooting.

Mrs. Glover said in past years she had sent money and clothing to Hattie's family at Archat, C. B., and had aided some of Hattie's sisters to come to the United States.

On cross-examination Mrs. Glover admitted she had received letters under assumed names, that of Hattie Le Blanc, and that she had introduced her husband by Arthur Glover, his brother, and that both men used the name of Gardner. She said she and Clarence Glover were married in Boston in Jan. 1899, and again in Providence in 1900.

The second marriage was performed because she was told the first was illegal.

WITNESS COOL.

Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 1.—The widow sat back in the witness chair, cool, collected and always on the alert.

She admitted that she had indulged in her back yard in Waltham but she disclaimed a rifle. Four pictures showing her holding a weapon were exhibited, but she said they were all taken from effect.

In a colloquy over letters she said she frequently wrote letters for Hattie Le Blanc and admitted sending one to a Mr. Fales at Centerville, N. B. She could not remember whether she had referred to Mr. Fales as Hattie's lover.

"I wrote what Hattie told me to write," said Mrs. Glover with the greatest deliberation, after Mr. Johnson had asked her a dozen times if she had not said that Mr. Fales was Hattie's lover.

"If you know what it is in those letters, why don't you show them to me?" said Mrs. Glover.

"Because they can't be found," replied the lawyer.

Mrs. Glover said that since the murder the police and the lawyers had ransacked her house and many letters were missing, including letters addressed to Hattie. Mrs. Glover made an addition to her testimony by stating that she had been on the stage for a time posing as a marble statue.

ONE WOMAN FOUND GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER

Spokane, Wash., Dec. 1.—Mrs. Hannah Beebe, aged 73 years, charged with the murder of James Sutton at Cashmere on Aug. 14 was found guilty of manslaughter today.

The trouble leading up to the crime was over a right of way across property owned by Mrs. Beebe and her daughter. Mrs. Beebe, who was 73 years old, had struck a wire fence across the road, and when James Sutton, a neighboring rancher, attempted to drive through after cutting the wire, he was shot down by Mrs. Beebe. The latter was convicted recently of murder in the first degree.